might well know that Macbeth would seek to bring to end for his more sure conclusion in the estate) laid into Cumberland, where Malcolm remained, till time that Saint Edward the sonne of Ethelred recovered the dominion of England from the Danes power, the which Edward received Malcolm by way of most friendly entertainment; but Donald passed over into Ireland, where he was tenderlie terrified by the king of that land. Macbeth, after the departure thus of Duncans soures, used great liberality towards the nobles of the realme, thereby to win their favour, and that he saw that no man went about to trouble him, he set his whole intention to mainaine justice, and to punish all enormities and abuses, which had chanced through the feeble and fountfull administration of Duncan. And to bring his purpose the better to passe without anie trouble or great business, he devised a subtle wilde to bring all offenders and miouchers into justice, soliciting fundzie of his liege people with high rewards, to challenge and appeale such as most oppossed the commons, to come at a day and place appointed, to fight singular combats within barriers, in triall of their accumulations. When these themes, barretoes, and other oppressors of the innocent people were come to darren battell in this wise (as is said) they were freight wares apprehended by armed men, and trusted up in halteres on gibbets, according as they had justice defersed. The residue of miouchers that were left, were punished and taken in such sort, that manie yeares after all these and reffings were little heard of, the people finding the blisful berest of god peace and tranquillite, Macbeth shewing himselfe thus a most diligent punisher of all injures and wrongs attempted by anie unorderd persons within his realme, was accounted the sure defense and buckler of innocent people; and hereby he also applied his whole industrie, to cause young men to exercise themselves in vertu.